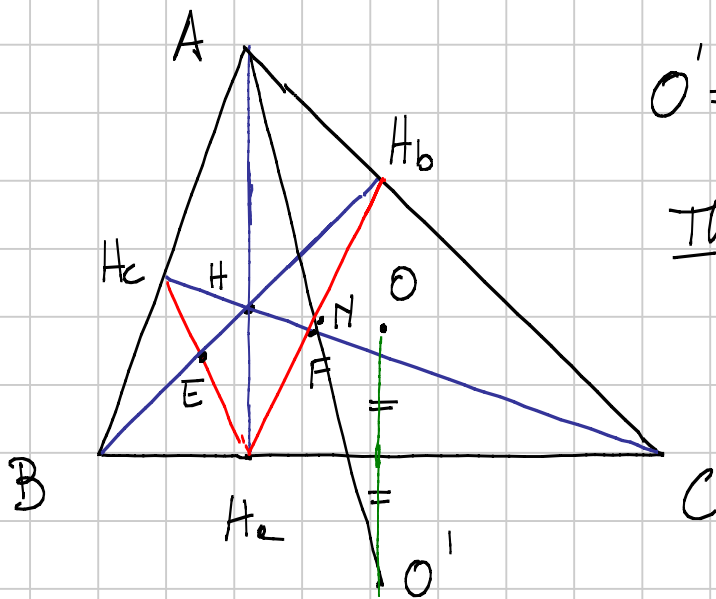


PreIMO 2011 - Geometria Pomeriggio

Titolo nota

24/05/2011

5)



$O' = \text{circo di } \triangle HBC$

Th: a) N p̄ med di AO'
b) $EF \perp AN$

e) i. O' simm. di O risp. a $BC \iff$ il simm. di H risp. a BC
che nulla di uno ad ABC

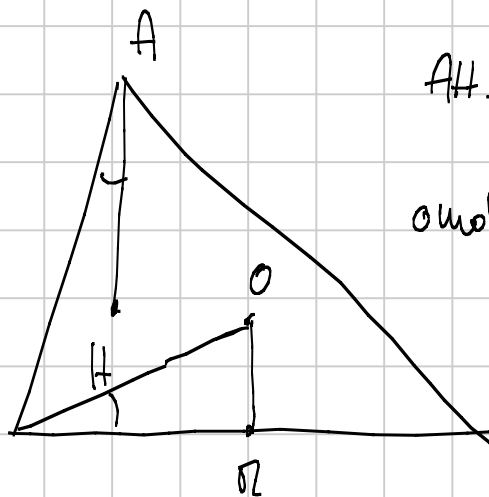
$H' = \text{simm. di } H \text{ risp. a } BC$ $H'BC$ inscritto in Γ

$\iff HBC$ inscritto in $\Gamma' = \text{simm. di } \Gamma \text{ risp. a } BC$

ii. N è il pt. medio di OH (tendenzialmente inutile)

iii. $AH = OO'$

$AH = 2ON$

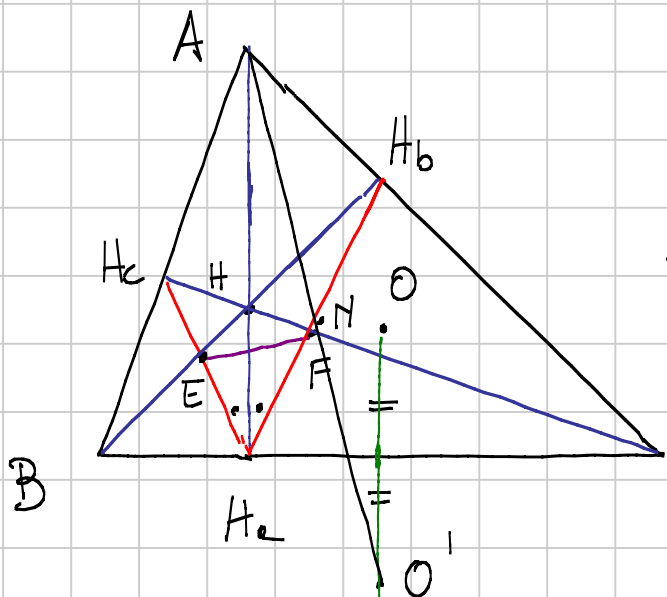


omot. centro G $A \rightarrow \Gamma$
fct. $-\frac{1}{2}$ $H \rightarrow O$

$\implies AH = OO'$ e $AH \parallel OO' \implies AHO'O$ parall.

\Rightarrow le diagonali si bisecano \Rightarrow H pt. medio di AO'

b)



$$E = H_c H_a \cap BH$$

$$F = H_b H_c \cap HC$$

i. $\odot HH_c BH_c$ ciclico

$$\Downarrow$$

$$HE \cdot EB = H_c E \cdot H_a E \quad (\text{I})$$

$\odot HH_b CH_b$ ciclico

$$\Downarrow$$

$$HF \cdot FC = H_b F \cdot H_c F \quad (\text{II})$$

$\Gamma' = \text{cfr.}$ ω a BAC
 $\omega = \text{cfr.}$ di Feuerbach

$H_c H_a$ è corda di ω
 HB è corda di Γ'

$$\Downarrow$$

$$(\text{I}) \quad \text{pot}_{\Gamma'} E = \text{pot}_{\omega} E$$

simul. $(\text{II}) \quad \text{pot}_{\Gamma'} F = \text{pot}_{\omega} F$

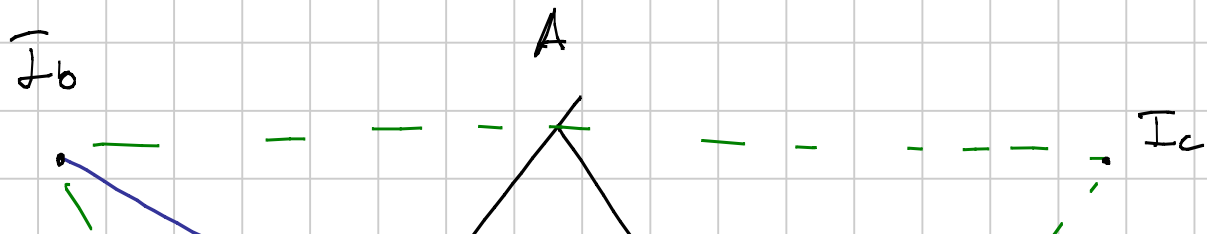
$\Rightarrow EF$ ambe ved di ω e $\Gamma' \Rightarrow EF \perp NO' = AO' = AN$

a) Reloaded $O' = \text{sim.}$ di O in BC

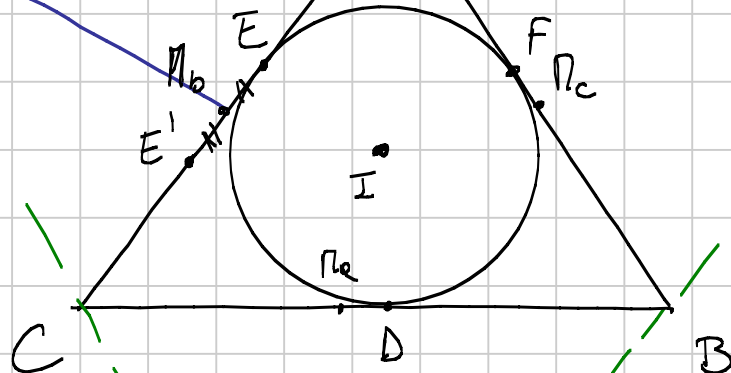
origine in $O \Rightarrow O' = 2 \frac{B+C}{2} = B+C$

pt med di $AO' = \frac{A+O'}{2} = \frac{A+B+C}{2} = H$

b)



a)



$\left. \begin{matrix} \pi_b I_c \\ \pi_b I_b \\ \pi_c I_c \end{matrix} \right\} \text{concom.}$

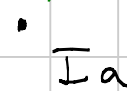
$E'' = \text{sim. di } E'$
risp. a I_b

$$E' I_b = I_b E'' = \pi_b$$

\Downarrow

B, E, E'' allineati

per simet. di centro B
e fatto $\frac{\pi_b}{2} E \rightarrow E''$

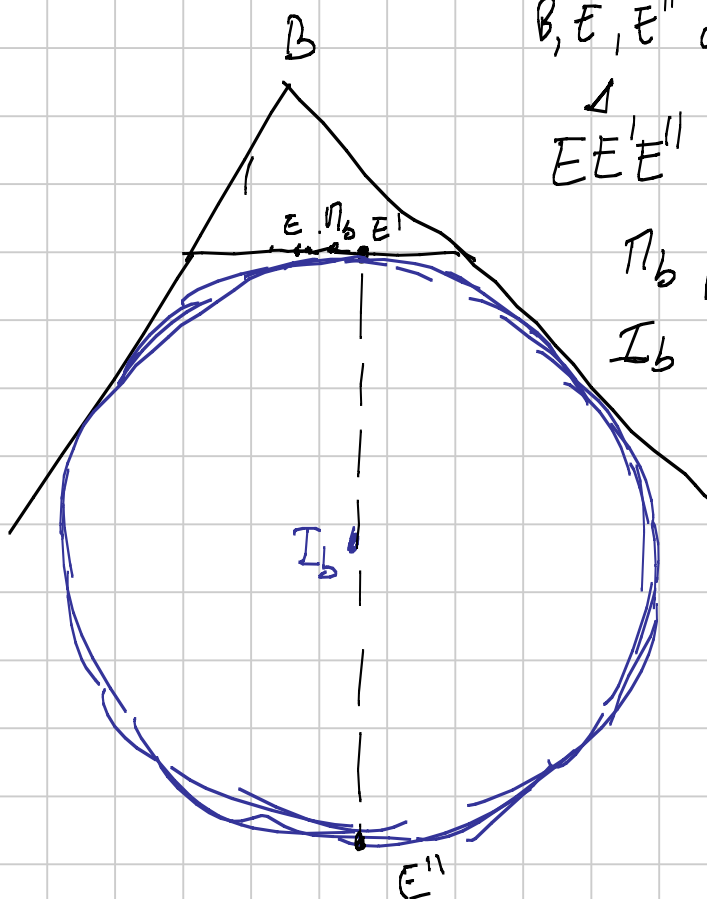


B, E, E'' all.

$\Delta EE'E''$, $\pi_b I_b$

π_b pf. med di EE'
 I_b n a di $E'E''$

$\Downarrow \pi_b I_b \parallel EE'' = BE$



$\Pi_a I_a \parallel AD$
 $\Pi_b I_b \parallel BE$
 $\Pi_c I_c \parallel CF$

D, E, F Tg. delle cf. insc. su: lati

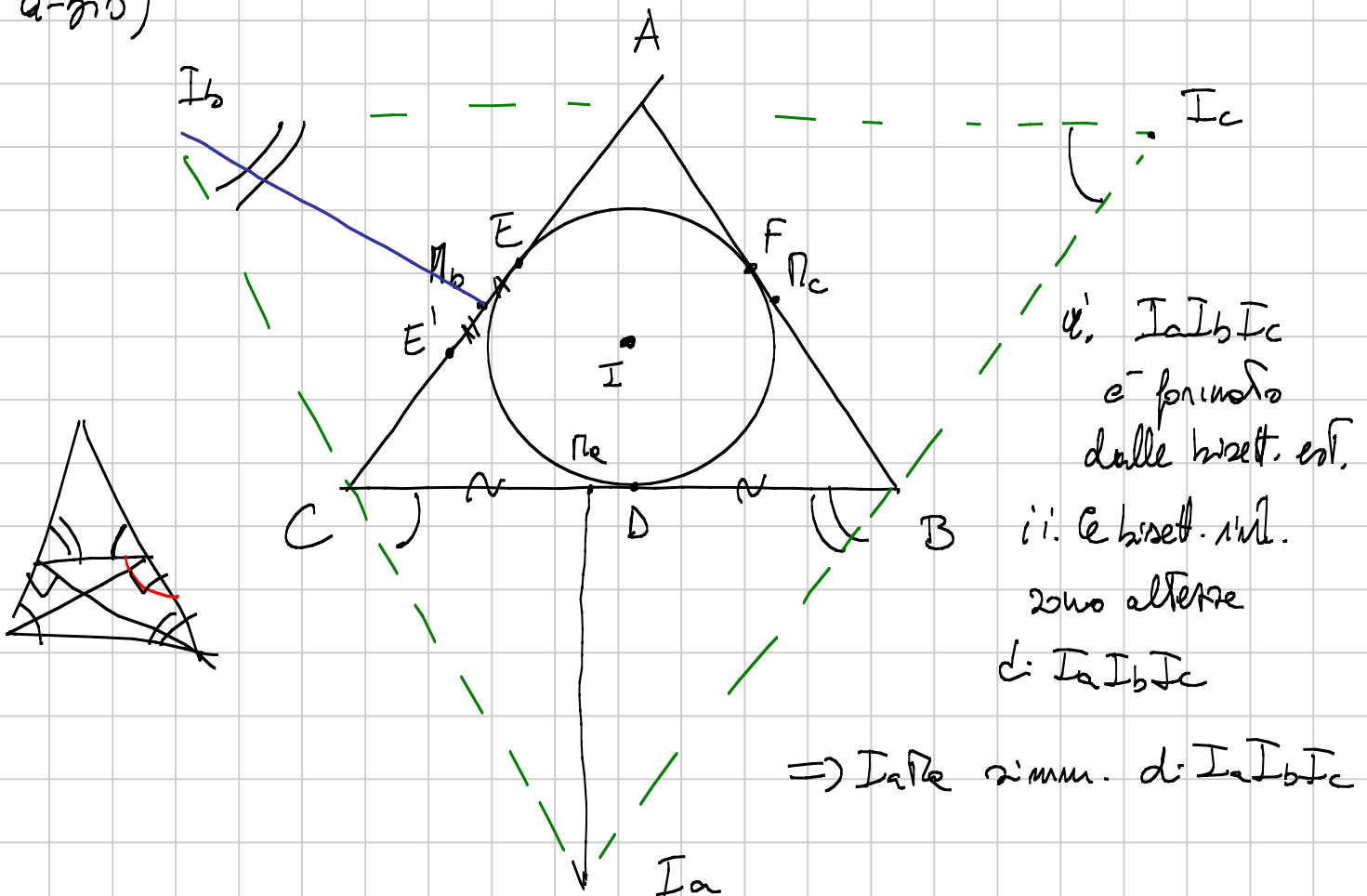
\Downarrow omol. di centro G e fct. $-\frac{1}{2}$

manda A, B, C in Π_a, Π_b, Π_c
 e conserva i parall. \Rightarrow manda AD, BE, CF (*)
 in $\Pi_a I_a, \Pi_b I_b, \Pi_c I_c$ (+)

le prime (*) concorrono in Gergonne (K)

\Rightarrow le seconde (+) concorrono in Π t.c. $\Pi G = \frac{1}{2} GK$

a-bis)

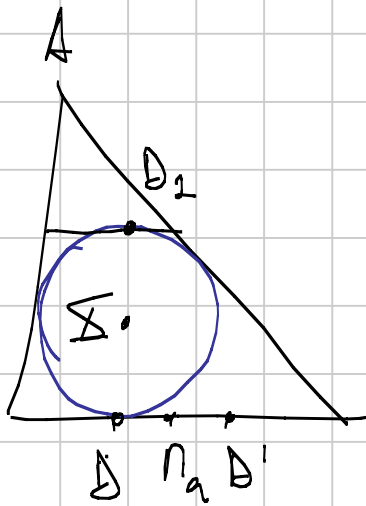


b) $HIR \sim ONM?$

$$NG = \frac{1}{2} GK \times \text{omol.}$$

$$OG = \frac{1}{2} GH \times \text{omol.}$$

Hope: $NG = \frac{1}{2} GI \times \text{omol.}$



$N_a =$ concorr. di AD', BE', CF'

$D_2 =$ simm di D risp a I

A, D_2, D' sono all.

I pt. med di DD_2 , I_a pt. med di DD'

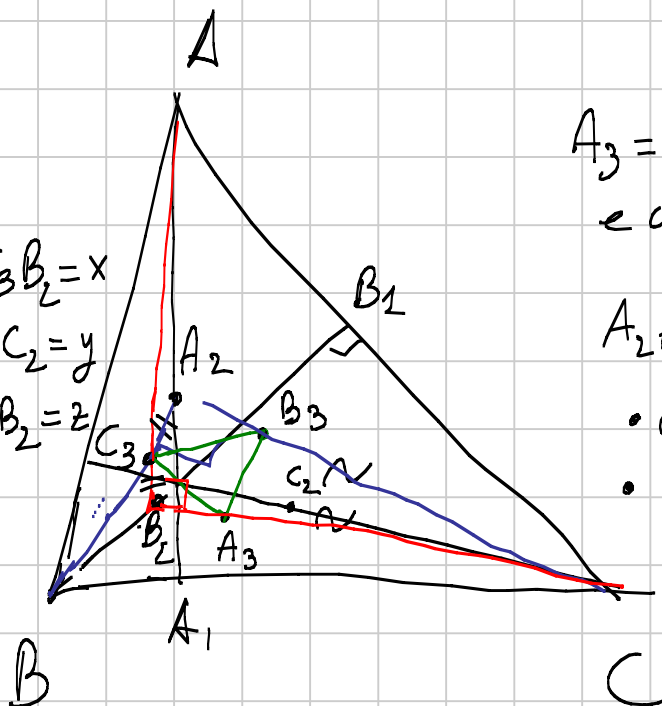
$$\Rightarrow I_a \parallel D'D_2 = AD'$$

7)

$$A_2C_3 = C_3B_2 = x$$

$$A_2B_3 = B_3C_2 = y$$

$$C_2A_3 = A_3B_2 = z$$



$$A_3 = BC_2 \cap B_2C$$

e cicliche

A_2A_3, B_2B_3, C_2C_3 concorrono

• ceviane in $A_3B_3C_3$

• " in $A_2B_2C_2$

$$A_2A_3 \text{ inop. } B_2C_2$$

$$\parallel B_3C_3$$

$$CA_2 = CB_2$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} B_2B_1^2 &= B_2C \cdot B_2A \\ B_2C^2 &= B_2C \cdot AC \end{aligned} \right\}$$

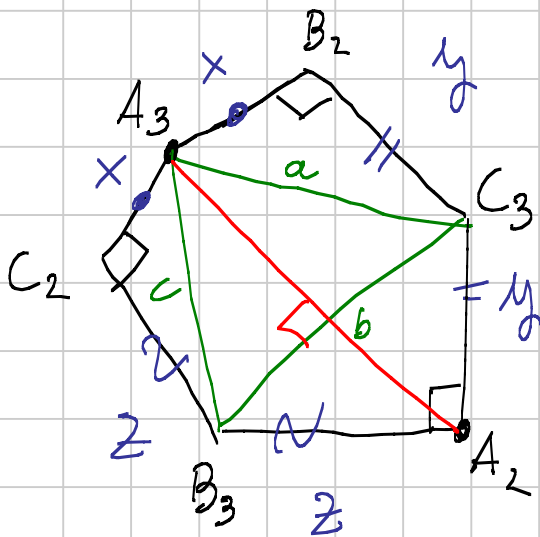
$$\left. \begin{aligned} A_2A_1^2 &= A_2B \cdot A_2C \\ A_2C^2 &= A_2C \cdot BC \end{aligned} \right\}$$

AB_1A_2B ciclico

||

$$\begin{aligned} \Downarrow \\ CB_2 \cdot CA = CA_1 \cdot CB \\ \parallel \\ B_2 C^2 = A_2 C^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_3 B_2 = C_3 A_2$$



$$a = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$b = \sqrt{y^2 + z^2}$$

$$c = \sqrt{z^2 + x^2}$$

$$c^2 + y^2 = a^2 + z^2$$

$$c^2 - a^2 = z^2 - y^2$$

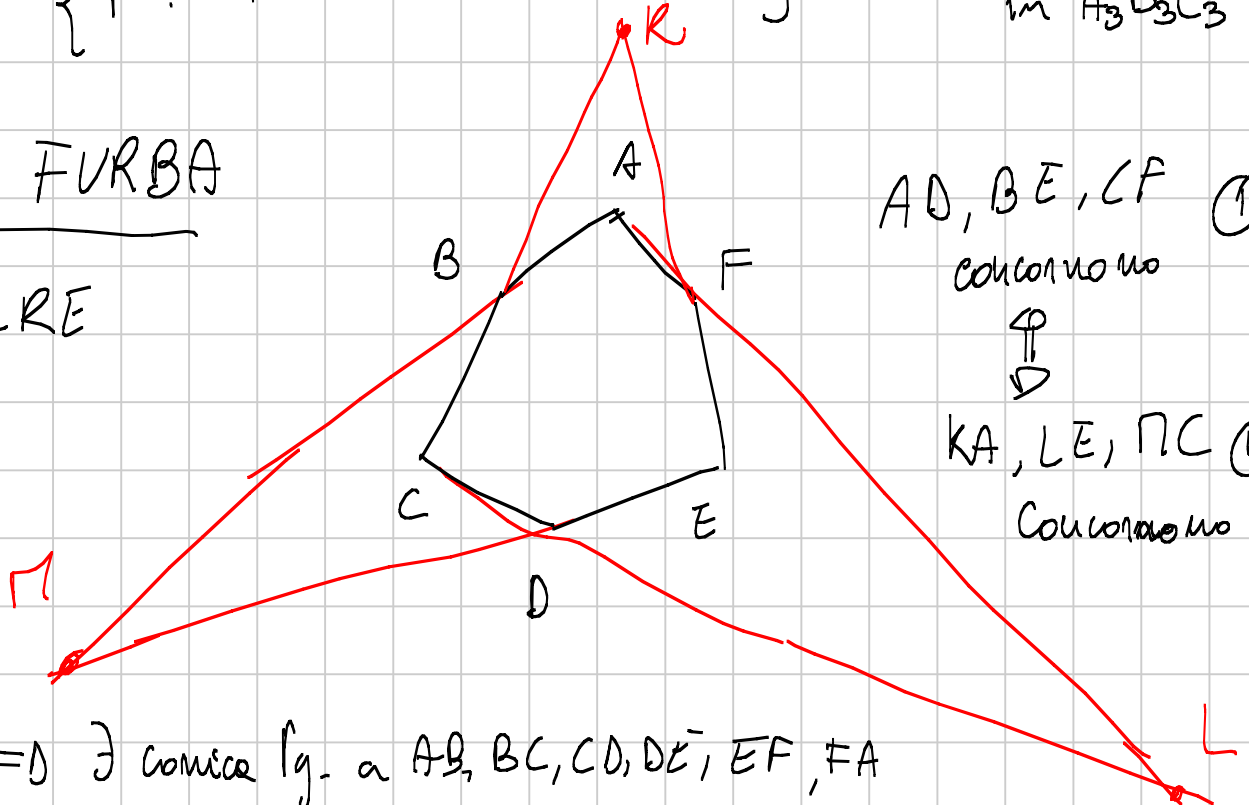
ha perp. a XY per z

$$\left\{ p: \begin{aligned} &\parallel \\ &PX^2 - PY^2 = ZX^2 - ZY^2 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$\Rightarrow A_3 A_2$ è altessa
in $A_3 B_3 C_3$

Sol FURBA

NALCRE



AD, BE, CF ①

concorrono

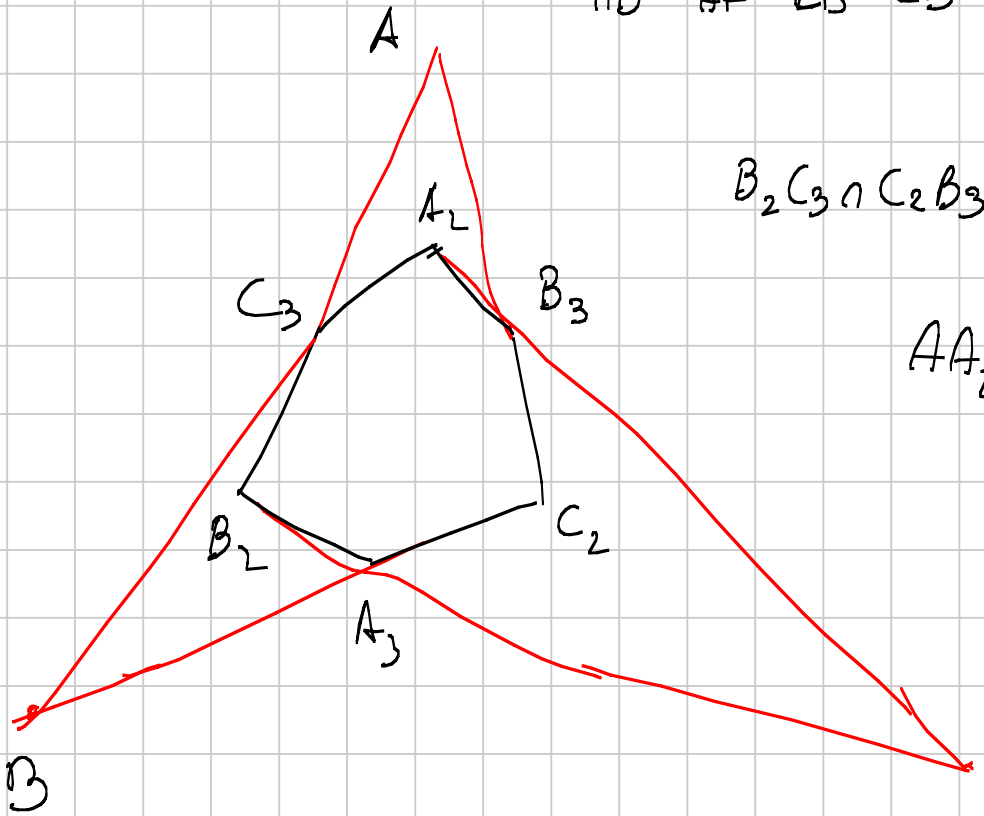
\Downarrow

KA, LE, PC ②

concorrono

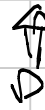
① \Leftrightarrow \exists conica Γ_g a AB, BC, CD, DE, EF, FA

$(M) \Leftrightarrow D \exists$ coincide by a $\Pi A, AL, LC, CK, KE, EP$
 $\parallel AB \parallel AF \parallel LD \parallel CB \parallel EP \parallel ED$

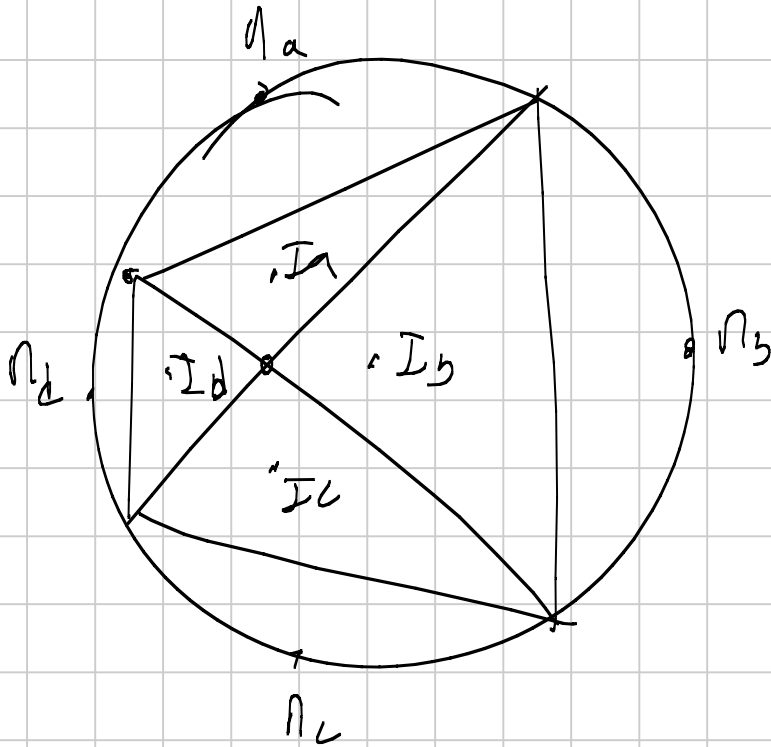


$B_2C_3 \cap C_2B_3$

AA_2, BB_2, CC_2 common
altersse



A_2A_3, B_2B_3, C_2C_3
Common.



$\Pi_a I_a, \Pi_b I_b, \Pi_c I_c, \Pi_d I_d$
Common