

First day

Mar del Plata, Argentina - July 24, 1997

1. In the plane the points with integer coordinates are the vertices of unit squares. The squares are coloured alternately black and white (as on a chessboard).

For any pair of positive integers m and n , consider a right-angled triangle whose vertices have integer coordinates and whose legs, of lengths m and n , lie along edges of the squares.

Let S_1 be the total area of the black part of the triangle and S_2 be the total area of the white part. Let

$$f(m, n) = |S_1 - S_2|.$$

(a) Calculate $f(m, n)$ for all positive integers m and n which are either both even or both odd.

(b) Prove that $f(m, n) \leq \frac{1}{2} \max\{m, n\}$ for all m and n .

(c) Show that there is no constant C such that $f(m, n) < C$ for all m and n .

2. Angle A is the smallest in the triangle ABC .

The points B and C divide the circumcircle of the triangle into two arcs. Let U be an interior point of the arc between B and C which does not contain A .

The perpendicular bisectors of AB and AC meet the line AU at V and W , respectively. The lines BV and CW meet at T .

Show that

$$AU = TB + TC.$$

3. Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be real numbers satisfying the conditions:

$$|x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n| = 1$$

and

$$|x_i| \leq \frac{n+1}{2} \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

Show that there exists a permutation y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n of x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n such that

$$|y_1 + 2y_2 + \dots + ny_n| \leq \frac{n+1}{2}.$$

Each problem is worth 7 points.

Time: $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours.